

THE BREEDING AND ECONOMIC VALUES OF RELATED LEADER 1926780 GROUP BULLS IN UKRAINIAN RED AND WHITE DAIRY BREED

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The results of breeding and economic value of related group Leader 1926780 bulls, which are used in Ukrainian red and white dairy breed of cattle are given an account. It has been determined, that the bulls of this group keep the breeding value at complex of milk productivity traits on high level during 8–11 years and well transfer these traits by inheritance to the native offspring. According to the number of animals, genealogical structure, level of the influence to the breed's consolidation, it is possible use wide this group of bulls in the breeding herds of the Ukrainian red and white dairy breed and to create new bloodline with high content protein and fat in milk.

Keywords: related group, breeding value, foreign selection, consolidation of breed, economic effectiveness

ПЛЕМІННА І ГОСПОДАРСЬКА ЦІННІСТЬ БУГАЇВ СПОРІДНЕНОЇ ГРУПИ ЛІДЕРА 1926780 В УКРАЇНСЬКІЙ ЧЕРВОНО-РЯБІЙ МОЛОЧНІЙ ПОРОДІ

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Викладено результати досліджень племінної та господарської цінності бугаїв-поліщувачів комплексу ознак спорідненої групи Лідера 1926780, які використовуються у племінних стадах української червоно-рябій молочної породи. Встановлено, що бугаї зарубіжної селекції цієї спорідненої групи, при використанні в племінних стадах зберігають племінну цінність за комплексом ознак на додатному рівні протягом 8–11 років та стійко передають її потомкам вітчизняної селекції. За чисельністю поголів'я, генеалогічною структурою, рівнем впливу на консолідацію породи за комплексом ознак молочної продуктивності (надій, вміст жиру та білка в молоці) тварини цієї спорідненої групи заслуговують на широке використання у племінних підприємствах УЧРМ породи та створення на їхній основі загальнопородної заводської високо білково-жирномолочної лінії.

Ключові слова: споріднена група, племінна цінність, зарубіжна селекція, консолідація породи, економічна ефективність

ПЛЕМЕННАЯ И ХОЗЯЙСТВЕННАЯ ЦЕННОСТЬ БЫКОВ РОДСТВЕННОЙ ГРУППЫ ЛИДЕРА 1926780 В УКРАИНСКОЙ КРАСНО-ПЕСТРОЙ МОЛОЧНОЙ ПОРОДЕ

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Изложены результаты исследований племенной и хозяйственной ценности быков-улучшателей комплекса признаков родственной группы Лидера 1926780, которые используются в племенных стадах украинской красно-пестрой молочной породы. Установлено, что быки зарубежной селекции этой родственной группы, при использовании в племенных стадах сохраняют племенную ценность комплекса признаков на позитивном уровне в течении 8–11 лет и стойко передают ее потомкам отечественной селекции. По численности поголовья, генеалогической структуре, уровню влияния на консолидацию породы по комплексу признаков молочной продуктивности (удой, содержание жира и белка в молоке) животных этой родственной группы можно широко использовать в племенных предприятиях украинской красно-пестрой молочной породы и, на их основе, создать общепородную заводскую высоко белково-жирномолочную линию.

Ключевые слова: родственная группа, племенная ценность, зарубежная селекция, консолидация породы, экономическая эффективность

Introduction. Breeding of farm animals according to the bloodlines in the conditions of large-scale selection remains a significant component of the modern theory of breed as for pure breeding so, one of the main methods, for improving domestic breeds of cattle. The bloodlines are recognized as obligatory structural units, through which the genetic progress of the breed in general is ensured [1–3]. At present stage, selection of the Ukrainian red and white dairy breed takes aim at the stabilizing and improving the quality traits of milk productivity (fat and protein content in milk), the type of body structure, reproductive capacity and the duration of economic use of animals, which will ensure the economic efficiency of their breeding [4]. In this connection, the creation of specialized dairy groups of animals with high content protein and fat in milk and extended duration of economic use becomes actual.

The purpose of our work was to determine the dynamics of breeding and economic values of bulls of a related Leader 1926780 group, in the process of their use in breeding at the stage of consolidation of the Ukrainian red and white dairy breed.

Materials and methods. To assess the influence of the use of this group of bulls (a related of the Leader group 1926780) on the level and quality of milk productivity in the herds of the Ukrainian red and white dairy breed, the dynamics of the breeding and economic values of 13 bulls of the Holstein breed and 8 domestic selection of this related group with different part of parental blood, throughout the period of their use, on the basis of the Catalog (Besamungsbullen) and the Catalog of bullen dairy and dairy-beef breeds for reproduction of livestock in 2004–2016 years were studied. The research was carried out on the basis of the materials of the primary breeding records at the breeding enterprises of «Genetic Resources», «The Ukrainian Genetic Company», «The Main Selection Center», «Poltavapleservis», and in the herds of the leading breeding farms for the breeding of the Ukrainian red and white dairy breed («Kolos», Vinnitsa, "Yerchiki" of Zhytomyr, "Agroecology" of Poltava, State Enterprise "Gontarivka" of Kharkiv, "Bogdanivske, "Vidrodjennia" Cherkassy and " KrokUkrZalizBud" of Chernihiv regions).

The breeding and economic values of bulls was determined by the level of their initial breeding value, obtained for 305 days of the first lactation of the milk productivity of theirs daughters.

The calculation of the economic efficiency of using bulls with different breeding value, was carried out by calculating the value of produced additional milk by their cows – daughters by the formula [5]:

$$E = \Pi \times \frac{P \times H}{100} \times L \times K$$

де: Π – purchase price of one unit of milk, UAH;

P – milkproductivity of cows-comporaries for 305 days of lactation;

H – relative increase of daughters milkproductivity, %;

L – coefficient (0,75);

K – number of cows – daughters of each bull.

Calculation of the purchase price of milk was carried out in accordance with sectoral recommendations of Ukraine 46.016 – 2002 [6]. The calculations were carried out using the method of mathematical statistics with the software package STATISTICA-6.1 [7].

Research results. The genealogy group of the bulls Leader 1926780 in the Ukrainian red and white dairy breed, as of 01.01.2019, is represented by 13 improver bulls by the economic complex of useful traits of the Holstein breed of foreign selection and 8 bulls of domestic selection (fig.). Two bulls from which are estimated for offspring's quality and recognized as improvers of the complex of traits and 6 heads - estimated by pedigree and over 2500 cows.

The bulls belong to breeding enterprises: «Genetic Resources» – 5; «Ukrainian genetic company» – 4; research unity "Progress" – 2; «Main breeding center» – 2; Prat "Uman` breeding enterprise" – 2; «Poltavaplemservis» – 3 heads. Other companies have been delivered semen from the six bulls- improvers of this group from the United States and Germany.

A related group of Leader 1926780 bulls comes from the high-milking bloodline Cavaler 1620273, whose animals are bred in a number of European countries. In order to increase the content of fat and protein in milk, during the formation of the Leader group 1926780, great importance has been attached to selection of mothers of future cows for a number of traits (fat and protein content in milk, constancy of lactation curve, type of body structure, and duration of economic use). The bulls are very carefully selected in the countries of Europe (Germany, the Netherlands, Belgium), in which the minimum indicators of the quality of milk of cow-mothers of bulls were determined: the content of fat – 4.2%, and protein – 3.4%. For the inheritance of high yield of milk, the homozygosity of these traits in the offsprings was increased by applying different degrees of inbreeding to the ancestor of the bloodline. Between the 22 bulls of this group, represented in Ukraine, 10 bulls of them were obtained as a result of inbreeding (fig). Under these conditions, more than 70% their grandchildren inherited moderate quantitative and high quality (fat and protein content) of milk productivity traits.

At the present stage of selection with Ukrainian red and white dairy breed, one of the main tasks is the consolidation of animals by qualitative traits of milk productivity, the type of body structure and the preservation of high durability of economic use.

In order to ensure the consolidation of Ukrainian red and white dairy breed in a set of traits, 13 proven bulls-improvers of the related Leader group 1926780 have been brought to Ukraine, which are used in 27 breeding enterprises of Ukrainian red and white dairy breed. Among them: breed farms State Enterprise «Oleksandrivske» and «Kolos», of Vinnitsa, "Yerchiki" of Zhytomyr, "Agroecology" of Poltava, State Enterprise "Gontarivka", "Agrosvit", Kharkiv, State Enterprise "Khrystynivske", "Bogdanivske", and "Vidrodzhennya", of Cherkassy, "KrokUkrZalizBud" of Chernigov regions.

The analysis of the breeding value of the bulls of the related Leader 1926780 group, which are used in breeding farms for the breeding of the Ukrainian red and white dairy breed (table 1) indicates, that the animals of this related group of European origin well combine moderately high tastes with a fairly high fat content and protein in milk, have a good type of body structure and technological properties of udder and well transfer these traits by inheritance.

The initial breeding value for the daughter's milk productivity of bulls of foreign selection was +400 – +1406 and domestic – +748 and +1261 kg. Along with a high level of breeding value the bulls of this related group are characterized by high contents of fat and protein in milk. Thus, the fat content in milk of the daughters of bulls (10 heads), which were estimated in Germany, was at the level of 4.16–4.55% and protein content – 3.28–3.53%. The pedigree value of bulls by these traits were +0.10 – +0.59 and +0.02 – +0.35% and exceeds the standards of Ukrainian red and white dairy breed by 12.5–30.0 and 9.1% respectively. Typical, that the bulls of domestic breeding inherit high fat content in milk (breeding value is +0.02 – +0.18%) and protein (+0.02 – +0.15%). During a long-term using, the breeding value of all bulls is decreasing annually due to increasing the level of genetic trend of milk productivity in herds, remains at a positive level and provides improvement of the animals of the breeding herds in which they are used, according to the complex of breeding traits.

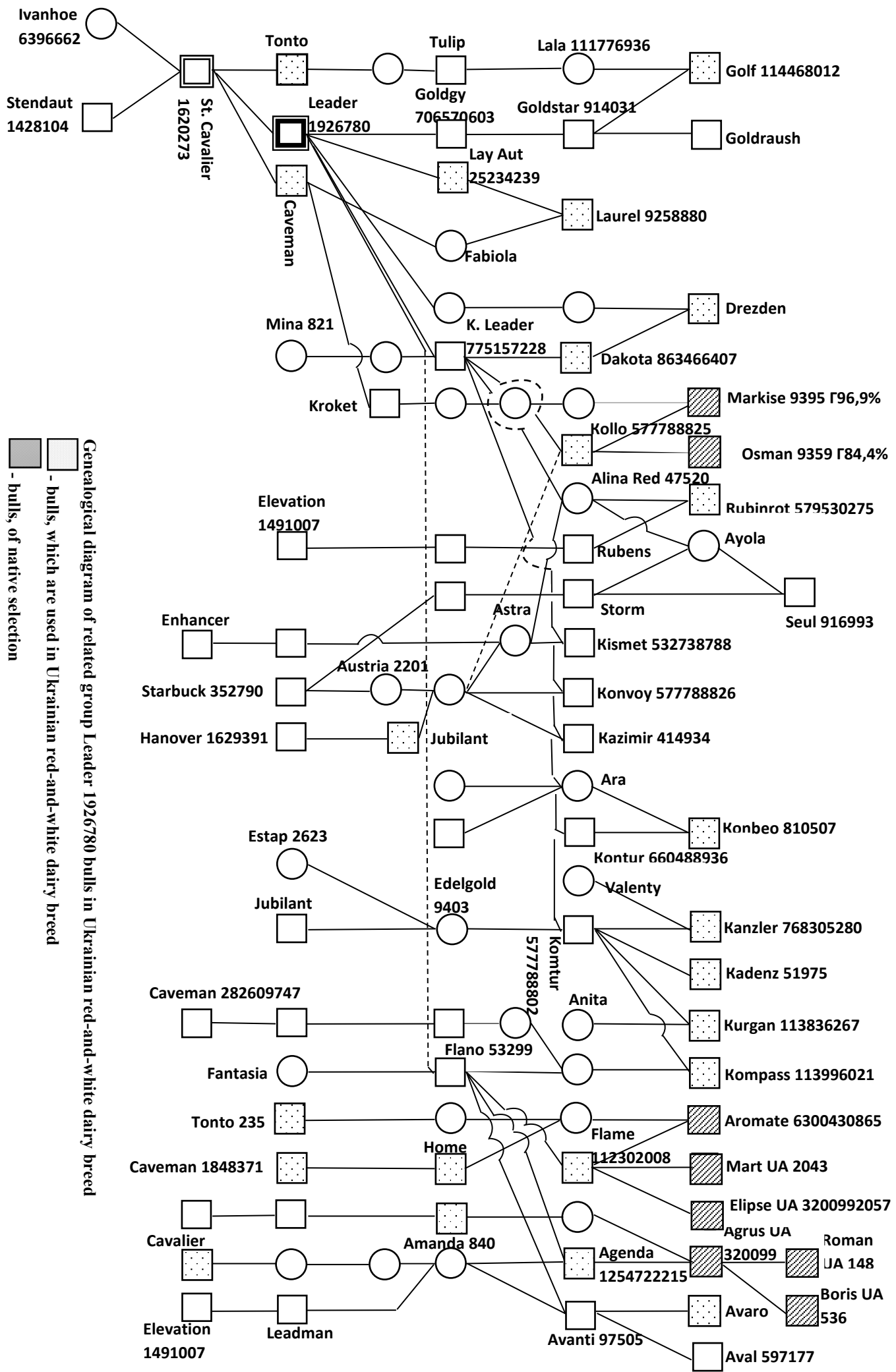
As a result of the research it was found, that the milk productivity of the daughters of the young bulls of this genealogy group such as Kurgan DE 113836267, Kompass DE 113996021 and Golf DE 114468012, which have been first time evaluated for the offspring quality, was higher in the herd of the breeding plant of «Krok-UkrZalizBud» than at the compararies-daughters of the well-known bulls of the time (Varnak 9537, Col 7400040229, Turino 660563141, Roller 220593945, Campino 112825601, Faggio 532148106) for 305 days of the first lactation at +207 – +697 kg. At the same time, the fat and protein content in milk was higher on +0.01 – +0.09%. (table 2). During the second lactation, the daughters of these bulls also kepted their first places of yield of milk, fat and protein content. At higher lactation, they, with a slight increase in yield of milk, exceeded their peers for qualitative characteristics of milk production, with a fat content of +0.04 – +0.06 and protein – +0.04–0.07%. At present, the bull Golf is used in the herds of the State Enterprise "Gontarivka" and "Agrosvit" breeding plant in the Kharkiv region, in which a high level of cows feeding, breeding young animals and assessing the quality of milk are provided. The milk productivity of the 15 first-born cows for 305 days of lactation in the state enterprise "Gontarivka" constituted 6113 kg whis 4.03% fat and 3.33% protein, while in the "Agrosvit" breeding plant from each of 41 first-born Golf's cows was obtained at 6893 kg of milk with 4.01% fat content and 3.38% protein. The breeding value of this bull is +526 kg milk, +0.31% fat and +0.28% protein, which prevails breed standard for milk yield by 91–115; fat content 8.3–9.0; and protein by 0.1–2.4% respectively.

The distribution of the Kanzler DE 768305280 daughters, in the breeding factory of the «Yerchyky» of Zhytomyr region, for the content of fat in milk was following: at the level of standard and below the standard of breed (3.7% and less) was 37.2 and above the standard – (3.8% and above) – 62.8%. and by content protein (2.5–3.3%) – 28.6 and (3.4–4.3%) – 71.4%.

The bull Konbeo Red DE 579810507 was used simultaneously with the Jornado Red DE 114386106, whose breeding value was +1100 kg +0.02% +42 kg +0.0 +33 kg at the farm «Kolos» breeding plant in the Vinnitsa region. The milk productivity of the Konbeo daughters during the first two lactations exceeded the compararies at 334–392 kg of milk, the fat content +0.03 – +0.04 and the protein at +0.02–0.04%. During the third lactation, the yield of milk of the cows of both groups was almost equal, however, the fat content of milk in the cows of the Konbeo continued to exceed on 0.04%.

Among the bulls of domestic breeding should be noted Agrus Red UA 320080992043, was born in 2006 (the Main Breeding Center), estimated in 2015 SI +706 (94 dt. – 8739 kg – 3.96% fat – 347 kg of milk fat; 3.17% protein and 277 kg of protein). The breeding value was: +744 kg – +0.18% +44 kg +0.02% and +18 kg. The yield of milk of his daughter Rosalia UA 7100625433, for 305 days of the fourth lactation was 11847 kg with 4.01% content and 475 kg of milk fat and 3.29% (390 kg) of protein. Another cow – Ptytsia UA 7100514533 for 305 days of the fourth lactation produced 8555 kg milk at 3.93% (336 kg) of milk fat and 3.28% (281 kg) of protein.

In the genealogical structure of the related group of Leader 1926780, three separate branches were created through the bulls of Goldgi 706570603, K. Leader 775157228 and Flanno 2153299. As a result of the successful combination of the daughters of the domestic selection of bull Agrus Red UA 3200801693 (branch of the Flano) of the Ukrainian red and white dairy breed with bull Golf 114468012 (branch of Goldgi) in the breeding plant "Vidrodzhennia" of Cherkassy region, using a remote degree of inbreeding (IV–V), a group of high-yielding of milk cows was received which, according to the type of body structure and milk productivity response to desirable typ of cows of the Ukrainian red and white dairy breed. Among them cow Golubka UA 4600487021, (H 93.7% + S 6.3%) yield of milk for 305 days of the second lactation was 10750 kg with a fat content in milk of 3.85 and a protein of 3.31%. From bull Kollo 77789825 a model for the central type of Ukrainian red and white dairy breed the cow Malvina was obtained ("Krok-UkrZalizBud"). This cow, during 305 days of the second lactation, produced 10263 kg of milk with content 3.96% fat and 3.15% protein.



1. The dynamics of the breeding value of the related Leader's group bulls 1926780

Name, number, birth-day and place of birth	Method, year of value, number of daughters, R	Selection index	Milkproductivity, breeding value				
			yield of milk, kg	content of fat, %	fat, kg	content of protein, %	protein, kg
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
The bulls of foreign selection							
Rubinrot DE 579530275, 2002 H 100%	ZW'09 93%* 117 dt.	+1618	7277 +498	4.41 +0.59	321 +62	3.53 +0.35	257 +41
	ZW'11 96% 475dt.	+1776	8408 +500	4.53 +0.59	381 +69	3.66 +0.35	308 +46
	ZW'15 1068 dt.	+785	+14	+0.61	+48	+0.33	+26
Kanzler DE 768305280 2003 H 100%	ZW'09 92% 90 dt.	+1702	6926 +667	4.46 +0.40	309 +55	3.47 +0.06	240 +28
	ZW'11 95% 95dt.	+2035	8129 +877	4.61 +0.40	375 +70	3.051 +0.06	285 +35
	ZW'13 723 dt.	+1898	8129 +581	4.61 +0.50	375 +65	3.51 +0.12	285 +29
	ZW'15 99% 1031 dt.	+1322	8826 +565	4.55 +0.49	401 +65	3.47 +0.10	306 +28
	CBV'16** 1001 dt.	+487	7523 +206	3.77 +0.02	284 +8	3.19 +0	240 +6
	CBV'17 1383 dt. 99%	+348	7518 +202	3.74 +0.02	282 +10	3.18 +0.01	239 +6
Kollo DE 5777898825 1997 H 100%	ZW'04 71 dt. 89%	+1997	8811 +1285	4.20 +0.34	370 +57	3.60 +0.23	317 +61
	CBV'13 129 dt. 88%	+1614	8116 +1812	3.79 -0.02	307 +68	3.08 +0.04	250 +58
	ZW'15 3203 dt. 99%	+1183	+155	+0.14	+17	+0.25	+25
Flame DE 112302008 1999 H 100%	ZW'04 65 dt. 76%	+766	8107 +400	4.55 +0.36	369 +46	3.52 -0.07	285 +18
	CBV'14	+560	7331 +150	3.87 +0.02	283 +6	3.27 +0.01	240 +5
	CBV'16 1042 dt.	+278	7477 +340	3.87 +0.02	289 +14	3.25 0	243 +11
Konbeo Red DE 579810507 2003 H 100%	ZW'09 98 dt. 90%	+1250	7683 +829	4.17 +0.38	320 +60	3.42 +0.06	263 +33
	ZW'13 114 dt. 93%	+356	+203	+0.29	+32	+0.04	+11
	ZW'16 258 dt.	+341	8932 +362	3.87 +0.02	346 +24	3.20 +0.23	286 +12
	ZW'17 300 dt. 96%	+557	9003 +592	3.88 +0.02	350 +26	3.19 +0.01	287 +19
	ZW'18 363 dt. 98%	+382	9080 +726	3.88 +0.02	350 +30	3.18 +0.00	260 +28
Laurel DE 925880 1999 H 100%	ZW'05 71 dt. 80 %		7695 +741	4.16 +0.02	320 +33	3.38 +0.04	283 +28
	ZW'09 128 dt. 91%		9123 +146	4.22 +0.22	383 +23	3.48 +0.13	317 +15
Agende Et Red US 124722215 1998 H 100%	PTA'03 63 dt. 78%	+881	10405 +1071	3.77 +0.10	388 +50	3.28 -0.02	341 +33
	CBV'13 47 dt. 78%	+857	7034 +1084	3.68 +0.02	258 +40	3.04 -0.10	213 +27
Avaro Red DE 580607151 2005 H 100%	ZW'11 90%	+1560	7932 +1270	3.98 -0.25	316 +31	3.37 +0.02	268 +45
	ZW'15 91 dt. 80%	+1142	+1157	-0.27	+24	+0.01	+40

continuation of tab. 1

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Kadenz DE 114151975 2003 H 100%	ZW'09 86 dt. 92%	+1598	7700 +1406	4.22 -0.03	325 +57	3.39 -0.01	261 +47
	CBV'15 441 dt. 99%	+886	8008 +662	3.84 +0	308 +28	3.22 +0	258 +21
Kompass DE 57788802 2003 H 100%	CBV'13 122 dt. 82%	+475	5122 +498	3.96 +0.40	203 +38	3.06 +0.12	157 +21
	CBV'15 348 dt. 95%	+497	6728 +332	3.90 +0.16	262 +22	3.18 +0.08	214 +16
	CBV'17 443 dt. 96%	+655	6935 +576	3.90 +0.14	270 +30	3.16 +0.06	219 +22
Kurgan Red DE 113836267 2003 H 100%	CBV'13 40 dt. 71%	+612	7747 +578	3.70 -0.06	286 +20	3.08 -0.02	238 +17
	CBV'14 52 dt. 78%	+590	8005 +684	3.64 -0.08	290 +20	3.08 +0.00	247 +22
	CBV'15 204 dt. 93%	+1478	8274 +1478	3.86 +0.04	319 +60	3.21 +0.02	266 +49
Golf DE 114468012 2003 H 100%	CBV'15 326 dt. 96%	+259	6416 +296	3.72 +0.02	238 +12	3.05 +0.00	196 +9
	CBV'16 552 dt. 98%	+475	6891 +548	3.73 +0.02	257 +20	3.10 +0.00	214 +17
	CBV'18 577 dt.	+475	6908 +522	3.74 +0.02	258 +20	3.10 +0.00	214 +16
Dresden Red DE 10595084 1999 H 87,5% + HO 12,5%	ZW'04	+1037	6916 +1146	3.88 -0.33	268 -25	3.35 +0.01	232 +40
	CBV'13 55 dt. 77%	+475	6551 +632	3.83 -0.08	251 +20	2.98 -0.02	195 +17
The bulls of native selection							
Agrus Red UA32000801693, 2006, H 100%	CBV'14 80 dt.	+612	8726 +748	4.00 +0.18	349 +46	3.17 +0.02	276 +18
	CBV'15 94 dt. 84%	+706	8739 +744	3.96 +0.18	347 +44	3.17 +0.02	297 +18
Markise UA 5300159395, 2005 H 96,9% + S3,1%	CBV'15 129 dt. 87%	+1450	8690 +1261	3.74 +0.02	325 +52	3.28 +0.15	285 +51
Osman UA 5300159359, 2005 H 84,4% + S 15,6%	CBV'13	PI +1022***	6685 +1052	3.78 +0.02	252 +45	3.26 +0.14	217 +44
Mart UA 3200992043, 2009 H 93,9% + S 6,1%	CBV'14	PI +1028	9985 +1326	3.98 +0.01	397 +49	3.16 +0.01	316 +45
	CBV'16	+1142	+1421	+0.01	+53	0.01	+48
Eclipse UA 3200992157, 2009 H 100%	CBV'09	PI +1344	8244 +1302	3.96 +0.22	326 +69	3.17 +0.04	261 +48
	CBV'16	PI +1160	+1535	+0	+58	+0.01	+49
Aromat UA 6300430865, 2008 H 93,8% + S 6,2%	CBV'08	PI +870	6385 +929	4.06 +0.24	259 +57	3.19 +0.06	204 +34
Boris UA 7100514536, 2009 H 100	CBV'15	PI +646	520	+0.13	+30	+0.01	+12
Roman Red UA 7100600148, 2009 H 93,8% + S 6,2%	CBV'15	PI +552	+713	+0.11	+37	+0.01	+18

*ZW – zuchtwert (Germany); **CBV – calculation breeding value (Ukraine); *** PI – pedigree index

2. The daughter's milkproductivity of the related Leader 1926780 group bulls
a. The bull Kurgan DE 113836267, breeding farm «Krok-UkrZalizBud»

Characteristic	High lactation (305 days)	First lactation (n = 137)	Second lactation (n = 94)	Third lactation (n = 60)
Yield of milk, kg	6962 ± 174	5873 ± 144	7346 ± 214	7627 ± 274
Cv, %	29,2	28,7	28,2	27,9
Fat content, %	3.96 ± 0.009	3.98 ± 0.009	3.81 ± 0.007	3.87 ± 0.01
Cv, %	2.5	2.5	1.8	2.3
Fat, kg	276 ± 6.9	234 ± 5.9	280 ± 8.3	289 ± 9.5
Cv, %	29.3	29.5	35.0	25.6
Protein content, %	3.28 ± 0.009	3.24 ± 0.009	3.19 ± 0.006	3.28 ± 0.01
Cv, %	3.1	3.1	2.6	3.0
Protein, kg	229 ± 5.9	191 ± 5.0	235 ± 8.6	245 ± 8.0
Cv, %	30.1	30.4	35.3	25.7

b. The bull Kompass DE 113996021 breeding farm «Krok- UkrZalizBud»

Characteristic	High lactation (305 days)	First lactation (n = 88)	Second lactation (n = 16)	Third lactation (n = 4)
Yield of milk, kg	6597 ± 207	5609 ± 145	6353 ± 296	6501 ± 469
Cv, %	29.4	24.0	33.3	38.2
Fat content, %	3.94 ± 0.01	3.92 ± 0.01	3.94 ± 0.01	3.92 ± 0.006
Cv, %	2.3	2.3	2.5	0.7
Fat, kg	261 ± 8.3	220 ± 5.8	251 ± 12.0	256 ± 18.7
Cv, %	29.9	24.5	34.3.0	38.7
Protein content, %	3.17 ± 0.01	3.09 ± 0.006	3.18 ± 0.02	3.23 ± 0.006
Cv, %	3.8	1.9	3.8	0.9
Protein, kg	211 ± 7.0	174 ± 4.5	203 ± 10.0	211 ± 15.7
Cv, %	31.3	24	35.5	39.3

c. The bull Golf DE 114468012, breeding farm «Krok- UkrZalizBud»

Characteristic	High lactation (305 days)	First lactation (n = 111)	Second lactation (n = 83)	Third lactation (n = 42)
Yield of milk, kg	6709 ± 197	5383 ± 139	6703 ± 229	6630 ± 397
Cv, %	30.8	27.0	31.1	38.8
Fat content, %	3.95 ± 0.009	3.95 ± 0.009	3.93 ± 0.01	3.88 ± 0.01
Cv, %	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3
Fat, kg	265 ± 7.9	213 ± 5.6	264 ± 9.3	250 ± 16.7
Cv, %	31.3	27.7	32.2	43.2
Protein content, %	3.23 ± 0.01	3.18 ± 0.01	3.25 ± 0.01	3.18 ± 0.08
Cv, %	3.4	3.1	3.1	16.4
Protein, kg	721 ± 6.7	171 ± 4.5	217 ± 8.1	212 ± 14.2
Cv, %	32.3	27.5	33.5	43.4

d. Contemporaries of the Kurgan, Golf and Kompass bulls

Characteristic	High lactation (305 days)	First lactation (n = 47)	Second lactation (n = 36)	Third lactation (n = 24)
Yield of milk, kg	6552 ± 288	5176 ± 164	5613 ± 346	6858 ± 418
Cv, %	30.2	21.8	36.9	29.8
Fat content, %	3.90 ± 0.01	3.94 ± 0.01	3.88 ± 0.01	3.94 ± 0.02
Cv, %	2.1	1.8	1.8	2.8
Fat, kg	256 ± 11.4	204 ± 6.6	218 ± 13.7	271 ± 17.3
Cv, %	30.5	22	37.6	31.4
Protein content, %	3.21 ± 0.03	3.15 ± 1.5	3.18 ± 0.02	3.26 ± 0.02
Cv, %	1.6	3.2	3.5	2.8
Protein, kg	211 ± 9.6	163 ± 5.4	179 ± 11.5	225 ± 14.3
Cv, %	31.3	22.7	38.5	31.1

e. Konbeo Red DE 579810507, breeding farm «Kolos»

Characteristic	High lactation (n = 68)	First lactation (n = 68)	Second lactation (n = 63)	Third lactation (n = 52)
Yield of milk, kg kr	7524 ± 126	6611 ± 129	7006 ± 152	7266 ± 122
Cv, %	13.8	16.2	17.2	12.5
Fat content, %	3.79 ± 0.010	3.79 ± 0.009	3.79 ± 0.009	3.82 ± 0.01
Cv, %	2.2	2.0	1.9	1.9
Fat, kg	285 ± 4.85	250 ± 4.67	266 ± 5.58	278 ± 5.00
Cv, %	14.1	15.5	16.8	12.9
Protein content, %	3.18 ± 0.006	3.16 ± 0.01	3.16 ± 0.006	3.18 ± 0.01
Cv, %	1.6	2.6	1.5	2.3
Protein, kg	238 ± 3.92	209 ± 4.1	222 ± 4.64	231 ± 3.83
Cv, %	13.6	16.4	16.6	11.9

f. Contemporaries of the Konbeo Red DE 579810507 daughters

Characteristic	First lactation (n = 116)	Second lactation (n = 106)	Third lactation (n = 41)
Yield of milk, kg	6219 ± 91	6672 ± 145	7423 ± 232
Cv, %	15.8	22.5	20.2
Fat content, %	3.75 ± 0.008	3.76 ± 0.009	3.78 ± 0.009
Cv, %	2.3	2.4	1.5
Fat, kg	233 ± 3.31	251 ± 6.33	281 ± 8.70
Cv, %	15.6	25.8	19.7
Protein content, %	3.12 ± 0.009	3.14 ± 0.007	3.18 ± 0.009
Cv, %	3.1	2.3	1.8
Protein, kg	194 ± 2.6	210 ± 7.05	236 ± 7.32
Cv, %	14.6	21.4	19.8

The largest number of bulls of this related group (5 heads) were used during 2006–2008 years in the breeding farm "Agroecology" of the Poltava region. By the content of fat in milk, the daughter of all bulls were superior and the protein content corresponded to the standard of breed (table 3).

3. Daughter`s milkproductivity of bulls Leader related group in the breeding farm «Agroecology» during 305 days of lactation

Name and number of bulls. Number of daughters	First lactation			Second lactation			Third lactation		
	yield of milk, kg	fat content, %	protein content, %	yield of milk, kg	fat content, %	protein content, %	yield of milk, kg	fat content, %	protein content, %
Kompas 5788802, n = 46	5697	3.87	3.30	7045	3.90	3.28	6992	3.89	3.27
Flame 3002008, n = 27	5913	3.86	3.28	6907	3.91	3.28	6735	3.89	3.28
Kanzler 8305280, n = 45	5591	3.87	3.23	6351	3.88	3.25	6880	3.76	3.16
Rubinrot 9530275, n = 29	6132	3.83	3.28	6346	3.81	3.22	6817	3.83	3.23
Kadenz 4151975 n = 34	5922	3.96	3.32	6640	3.98	3.32	7070	3.88	3.31

The economic efficiency of using the bulls-improvers of the complex traits of the related Leader's 1926780 group was determined by the indicators of their primary breeding value with a rank of repeatability of 85% and above. It was determined that, it dependent from the level of the breeding value of the bull and the number of received daughters and varied from 223.2 (bull Kurgan Red 836267, CBV'15) to 1361.8 thousand UAH (Rubinrot Red 530275 ZW'09).

Conclusions. It was established that the bulls of foreign selection of related Leader 1926780 group, which are used in breeding herds of Ukrainian red and white dairy breed, kept the breeding value of a complex milk productivity traits at a positive level during 8–11 years and consistently passed theirs to offsprings of domestic breeding.

According to the number of livestock, the genealogical structure, the level of influence on the consolidation of the breed by the complex of traits of milk production as yield of milk, the content of fat and protein in milk, the animals of this related group deserve the wide using in the breeding enterprises of the Ukrainian red and white dairy breed and the creation, on their basis, a generalbreed bloodline with high content of protein and fat in milk.

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